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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/100,100	06/19/1998	JAMES E. ROSS JR.	RLIS	8195	
75	590 03/28/2003				
MARK JOY LEYDIG, VOIT & MAYER, LTD TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA			EXAMINER		
			KANOF, PEDRO R		
SUITE 4900 CHICAGO, IL	60601-6780		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3628	29	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Sh

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/100,100	ROSS JR. ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Pedro Kanof	3628		
	The MAILING DATE of this communicat	ion appears on the cover st	eet with the correspondence addres	ss	
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA' risions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) date of the provision of t	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimu y period will apply and will expire SIX by statute, cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed m of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu	unication.	
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 06 December 2002 .			
2a)□		☐ This action is non-fina			
3)□	Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice ion of Claims	allowance except for form	al matters, prosecution as to the m	erits_is_	
4)🖂	Claim(s) 25-29 anf 37-65 is/are pending	g in the application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	vithdrawn from consideration	on.		
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>25-29 anf 37-65</u> is/are rejected	l.			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction ion Papers	and/or election requireme	ent.		
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Ex	caminer.			
10) 🗌	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[☐ accepted or b)☐ objected	to by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection	on to the drawing(s) be held i	n abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11) 🗌	The proposed drawing correction filed or	n is: a)□ approved	b) disapproved by the Examiner.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are require	ed in reply to this Office action	1.		
12) 🗌	The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U	.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority doc	cuments have been receive	ed.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc	cuments have been receive	ed in Application No		
* 5	Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation from the attached detailed Office action for the a	onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.		ge	
14) 🗌 A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for d	omestic priority under 35 l	J.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional ap	plication	
) \square The translation of the foreign languates \square Acknowledgment is made of a claim for \square				
Attachmen	t(s)				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	948) 5) 🔲 N	terview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)otice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 25-27, 37-39, 42-45, 51, 55, 56 and 62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Amado (U.S. Patent No. 5,701,400) in view of Morris F. Collen (Hospital Computer Systems, 1974, Wiley and Sons, N.Y.) (hereafter Collen).

Claims 25 and 37: Amado discloses a method for rendering a report including medical language from previously stored data, said method comprising storing sentences and phrases related to medical data in peripheral CPU's, inputting patient data at a peripheral data input device, transferring the patient data from the peripheral data input device to a server communicatively coupled to the peripheral data input device and tabling the patient data at the server, transferring the tabled patient data from the server to a report rendering component, and compiling sentences and paragraphs by the report rendering component from the stored sentences

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and phrases and the patient data, whereby stored medical facts associated with the input data are converted into sentence structure (Col. 1, lines 31-41, col. 20, lines 16-63, col. 24, lines 45-67). However, Amado does not explicitly disclose creating structured medical reports and stored sentences and phrases. Collen discloses such steps. (Page 199, line 17-page 202, line 27).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include such steps. One would have been motivated to do that in order to increase the facility to enter and retrieval information stored in the system.

Claims 26 and 38: Amado and Collen disclose the method of claims 25 and 37. Amado also discloses rearranging the medical facts compiled into the sentence structure into a medically appropriate order (Col. 24, lines 5-42 and Abstract).

Claims 27 and 39: Amado and Collen disclose the method of claims 26 and 38. Amado also discloses consolidating, by the report rendering component, automatically generated medical English text with patient-related stored text and generated medical text with patient-related stored text including dictated transcripts (Col. 26, lines 33-55).

Claims 42 and 55: Amado discloses a method and a system for computer-aided generation of patient medical documentation assembled from a combination of sources including user supplied text, information retrieval system from a database in accordance with a specified pre-phrased text identifier, and text generated from input medical data facts, said method comprising the steps of:

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associating multiple pieces of information regarding a patient with a patient medical information record, the multiple pieces of medical information, comprising:

input text of the type generally arising from transcribed dictation,
retrieval information system for texts from an electronic data storage apparatus

and associated with a pre-phrased text identifier, and

medical data facts (Col. 29, line 42-col. 30, line 53),

wherein inputs relating to the multiple pieces of information regarding the patient are received by a medical information input interface providing random access to at least one of a set of medical information fields associated with the patient medical information record,

receiving an identification of a patient medical document type; and

generating, by a computer system under software control, a patient medical document based upon at least a portion of the multiple pieces of information regarding the patient and an information specification corresponding to the patient medical document type identification that specifies the portion of the multiple pieces of information to be included in the patient medical document, said generating step comprising, in any order:

first inserting the input text at locations within the patient medical document in accordance with a text type associated with each distinguished portion of the input text (Col. 30, line 55-col. 31, line 67),

second inserting text corresponding to the pre-phrased text retrieved from an electronic data storage apparatus (Col. 32, line 49-col. 33, line 15), and

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third inserting text generated in accordance with the medical data facts (Col. 51, line 1-col. 54, line 58).

phrased text identifier in his information system retrieval. Collen discloses such steps. (Page 199, line 17-page 202, line 27). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include such steps. One would have been motivated to do that in order to increase the facility to enter and retrieval information stored in the system.

However, Amado does not explicitly disclose the use of pre-phrased text retrieval and pre-

Claim 43: Amado and Collen disclose a method of claim 42. Amado also discloses wherein the text generated in accordance with the medical data facts is generated in accordance with a medically logical sequence (Col. 32, lines 1-59, col. 53, line 30-col. 58, line 54, and col. 61, line 21-col. 63, line 9).

Claim 44: Amado and Collen disclose a method of claim 42. Amado also discloses wherein the step of generating a patient medical document further comprises generating heading text in accordance with the patient medical document type designation (Col. 70, line 59-col. 72, line 27, and col. 76, line 32-col. 77, line 57).

Claims 45 and 56: Amado and Collen disclose a method and a system of claims 42 and 55. Amado also discloses wherein the step of generating a patient medical document further comprises arranging the multiple pieces of information regarding the patient in accordance with the medical document type designation (Col. 32, line 1-col. 33, line 44, col. 35, line 24-col. 39, line 30).

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Claim 51 and 62: Amado and Collen disclose a method and a system of claims 42 and 55.

Amado also discloses providing a set of selectively activated input modules facilitating prompted input of information relating to care for a patient (Col. 34, line 56-col. 35, line 22).

Claims 28, 29, 40, 41, 46, 48-50, 52-54, 57, 59-61 and 63-65 are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Amado</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,701,400) in view of <u>Collen</u>.

Claims 28, 29, 40 and 41: Amado and Collen disclose the method of claims 27, 39 and 41. However, the references do not disclose the step of inserting, by the report rendering component, headlines and sub headlines with the report, nor modifying, in accordance with programmed report generation instructions, the fond of text within particular portions of the report to use of bold, italic, and larger text sizes to emphasize important medical sections or information. Official notice is taken that those steps are well known within the art to emphasize important information. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use these steps to emphasize important information. One would have been motivated to use this procedure in order to facilitate the reading of the patient medical document and to saving time in the medical decision process making.

Claims 46, 48, 49, 57, 59 and 60: Amado and Collen disclose the method and system of claims 42, 45, 55 and 56. However, the references do not disclose that when the patient medical document is a patient medical report or the nurse notes that the text generated is medical text.

Official notice is taken that those steps are well known within the art and are currently used in the

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day to day management and updating of patient records. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use these steps to update the patient records. One would have been motivated to use this procedure in order to include inputs about the patient status from different professionals, with different relevance throughout the entire day.

Claims 50 and 61: Amado and Collen disclose the method and system of claims 42 and 55. However, the references do not disclose the step of providing an editing tool to modify specified pre-phrased text. Official notice is taken that this step is are well known within the art and is currently used in the text processing art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use that step to modify specified pre-phrased text. One would have been motivated to include modifying specified pre-phrased text in order to increase the flexibility in the text processing.

Claims 52- 54 and 63- 65: Amado and Collen disclose the method and system of claims 42 and 55. However, the references do not disclose the steps of providing a security mechanism facilitating limiting access to particular users, recording a time at which a particular piece of information is submitted for a patient medical record, nor recording an identity of a logged on user that supplied a particular piece of information stored in the patient medical information record. Official notice is taken that those steps are well known within the art and are currently used in the security data processing. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use these steps to guarantee the

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patient's privacy. One would have been motivated to use this security procedures in order to minimize the risk of inappropriate diffusion of personal data.

4. Claims 47 and 58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Amado (U.S. Patent No. 5,701,400) in view of Collen, and further view of Tallman et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,764,923).

Amado and Collen disclose the method and system of claims 45 and 56. However, the references do not explicitly disclose wherein the patient medical document is a triage record. Tallman discloses such as step (Col. 11, lines 29-34). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that one type of patient medical document could include a triage record. One would have been motivated to include a triage record as the patient medica document in order to include all pertinent data in the case to provide the files support for diagnosis and therapeutic decisions.

Conclusion

5.. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Exr. Pedro R. Kanof whose telephone number is (703) 308-9552. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 6:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Hyung Sough, can be reached on (703) 308-0505. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 305-7687.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

PRK-3/25/03

HYUNG SOUGH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600